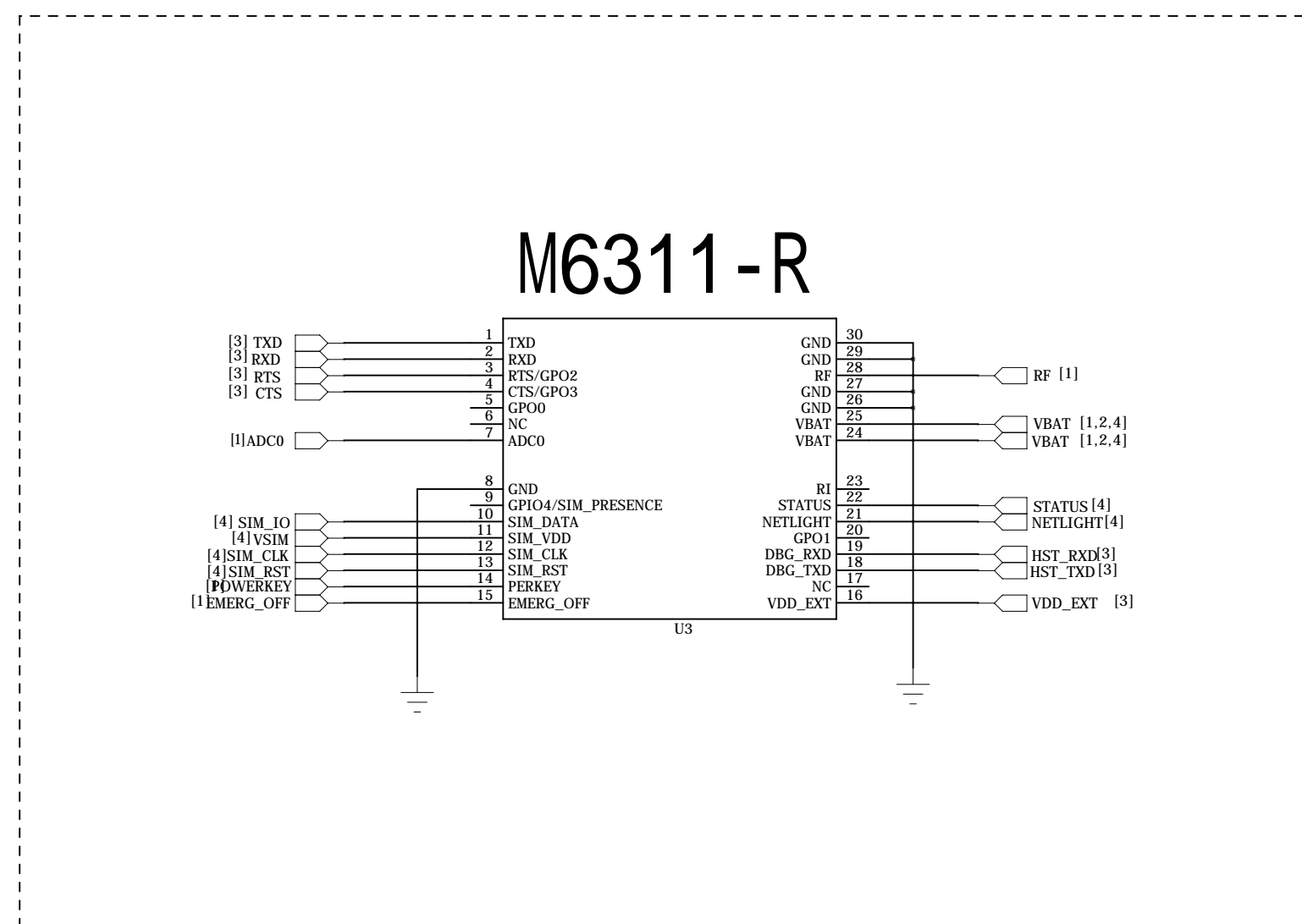
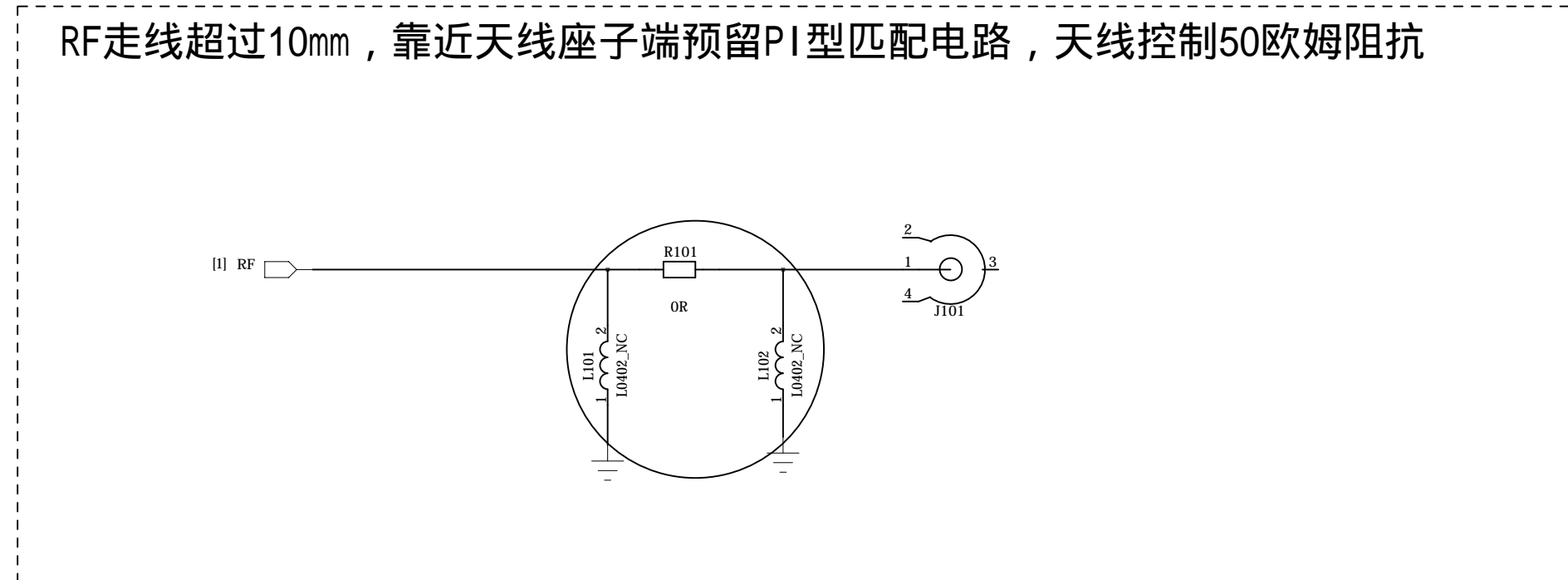


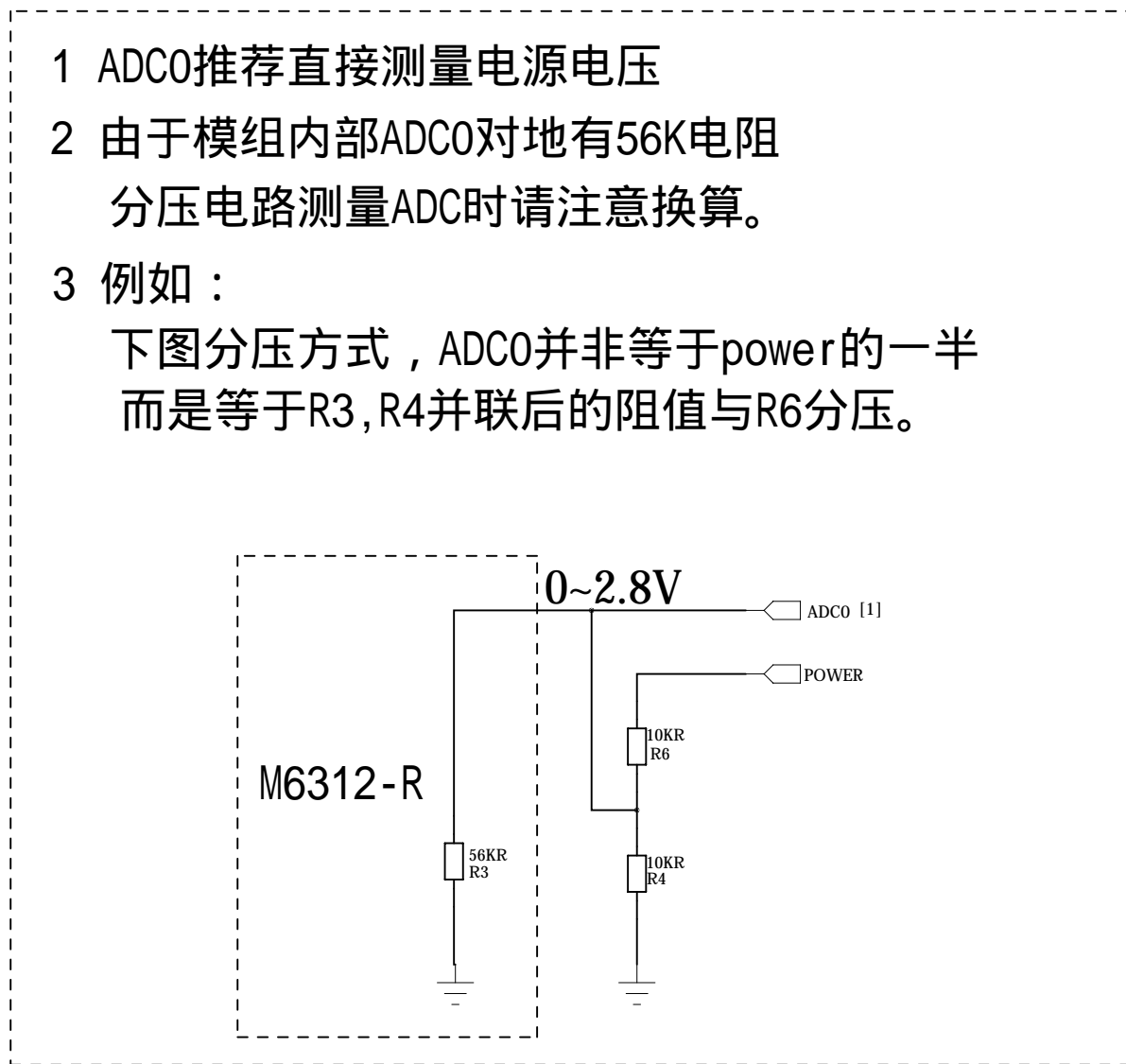
# 模组接口



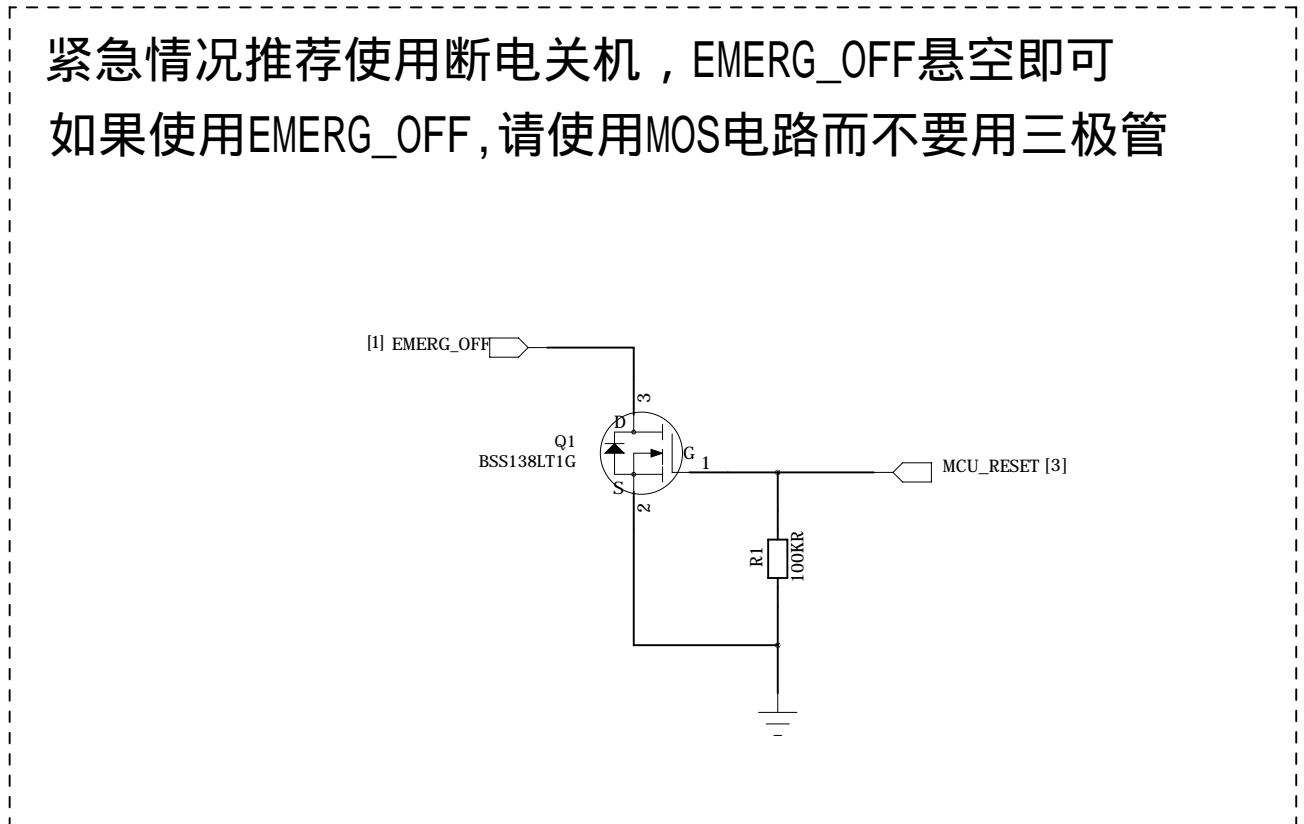
# GSM天线



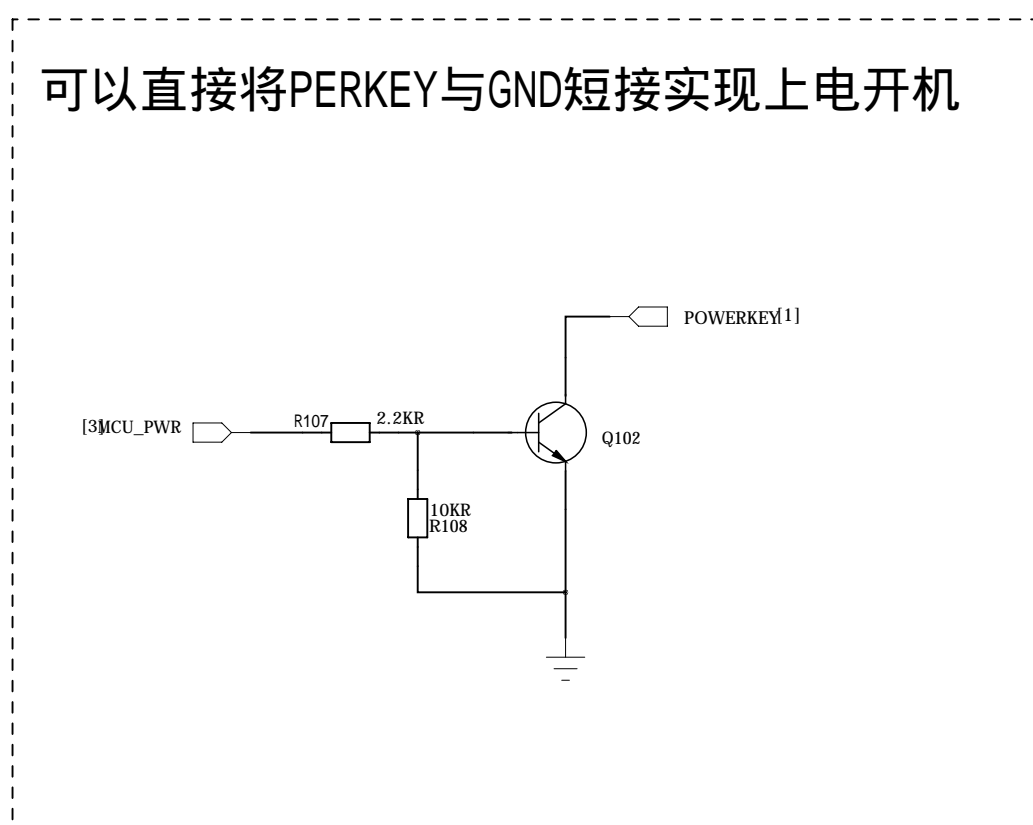
# ADC参考电路



# EMERG\_OFF电路



# POWERKEY电路

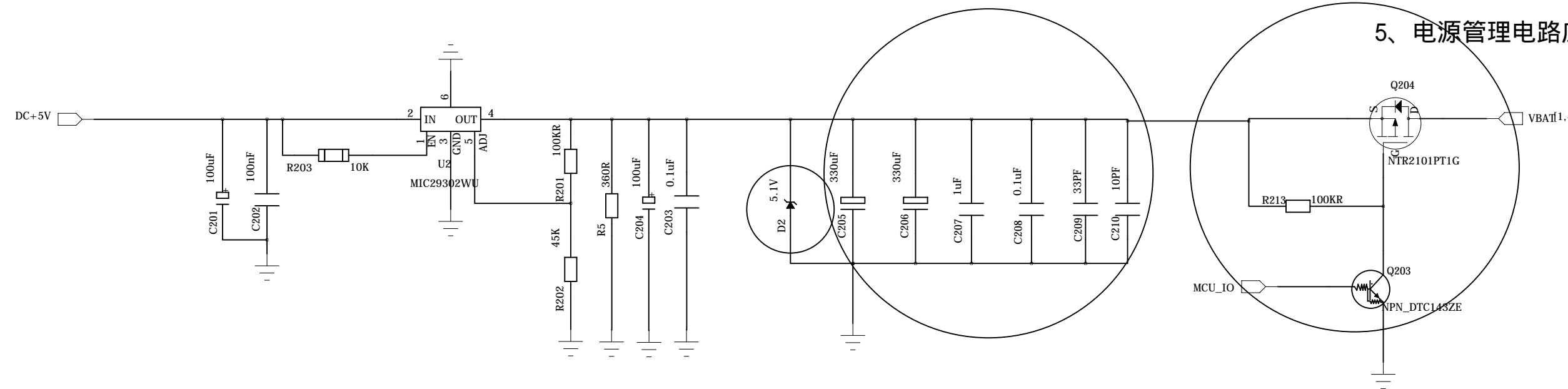


<b>中移物联网</b>			
DRAWN: zhangle	DATED: 2018-04-03	TITLE: MODULE	PROJECT: M6312-R参考设计
CHECKED: <Checked By>	DATED: 2018-04-03	SIZE: A2	REV: V002
			SHEET: 1 of 4

# 电源供应

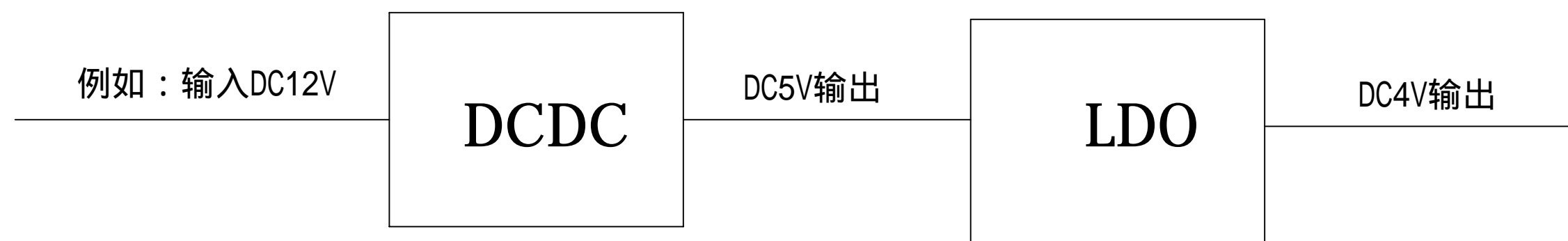
压差较小的话建议使用LDO

5V转4V



- 1、模组供电范围3.4V-4.6V，典型值4V，电源至少能够提供2A电流
- 2、去耦电容靠近模组电源脚放置
- 3、建议增加5.1V/1W的稳压二极管，提高抗浪涌能力
- 4、电源layout走线尽量短且粗
- 5、电源管理电路应设计在去耦电容后端

若输入输出压差较大，建议先使用DCDC降压到5V，再使用LDO

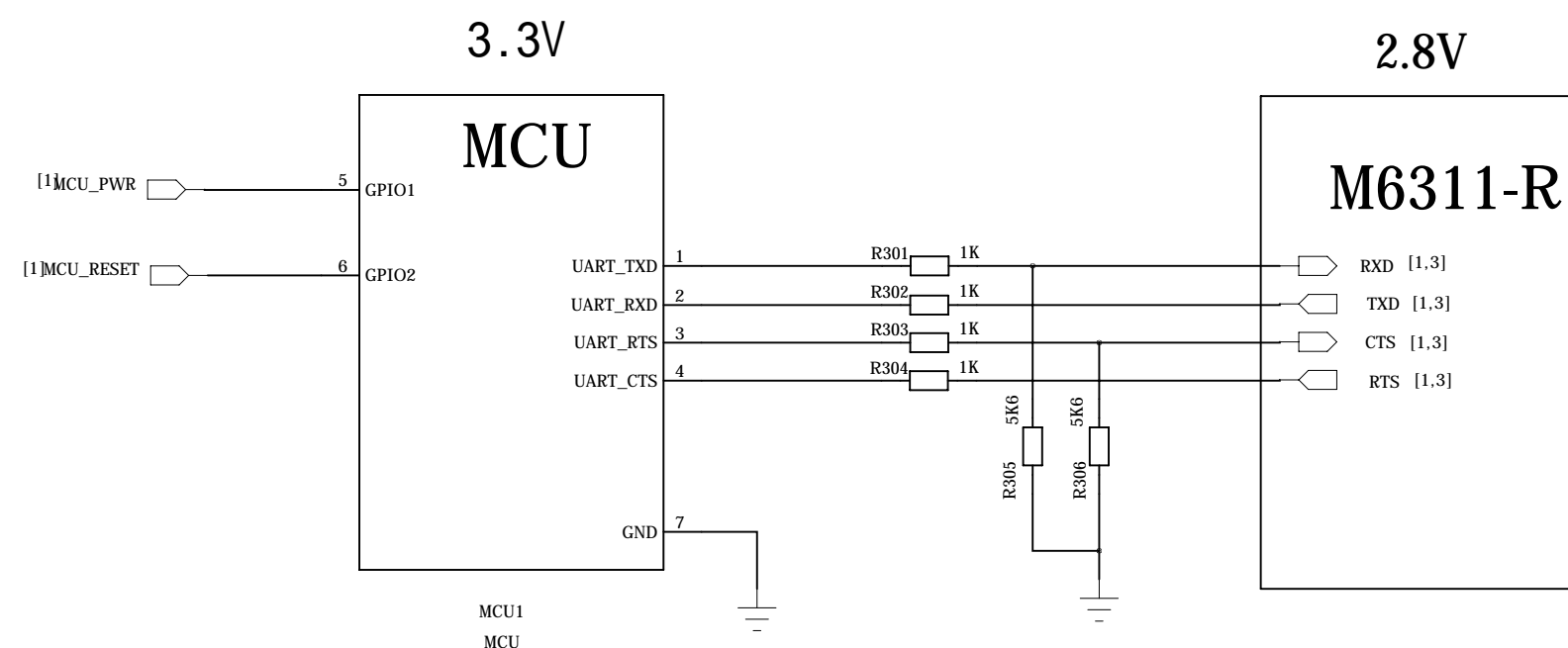


中移物联网

DRAWN: zhangle	DATED: 2018-04-03	TITLE: POWER	PROJECT M6312-R参考设计
CHECKED: <Checked By>	DATED: 2018-04-03	SIZE: A2	REV: V002
			SHEET: 2of 4

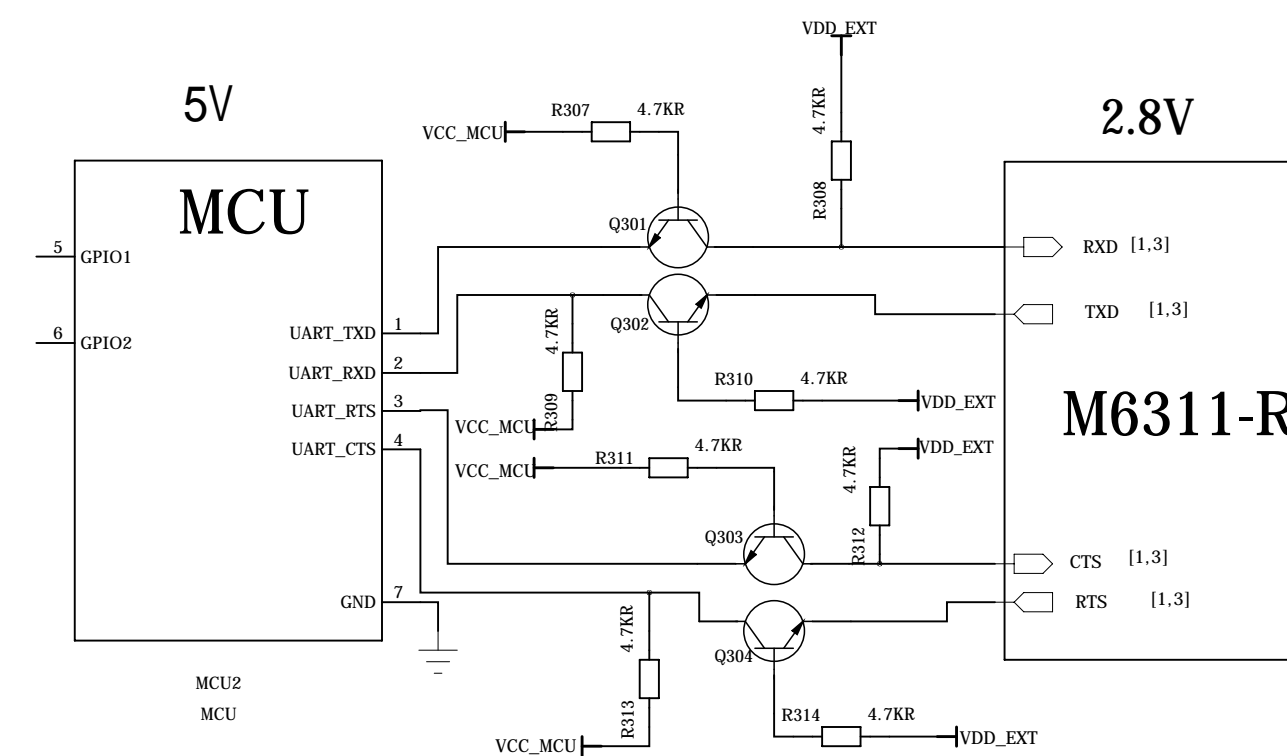
# UART

## 3.3V单片机



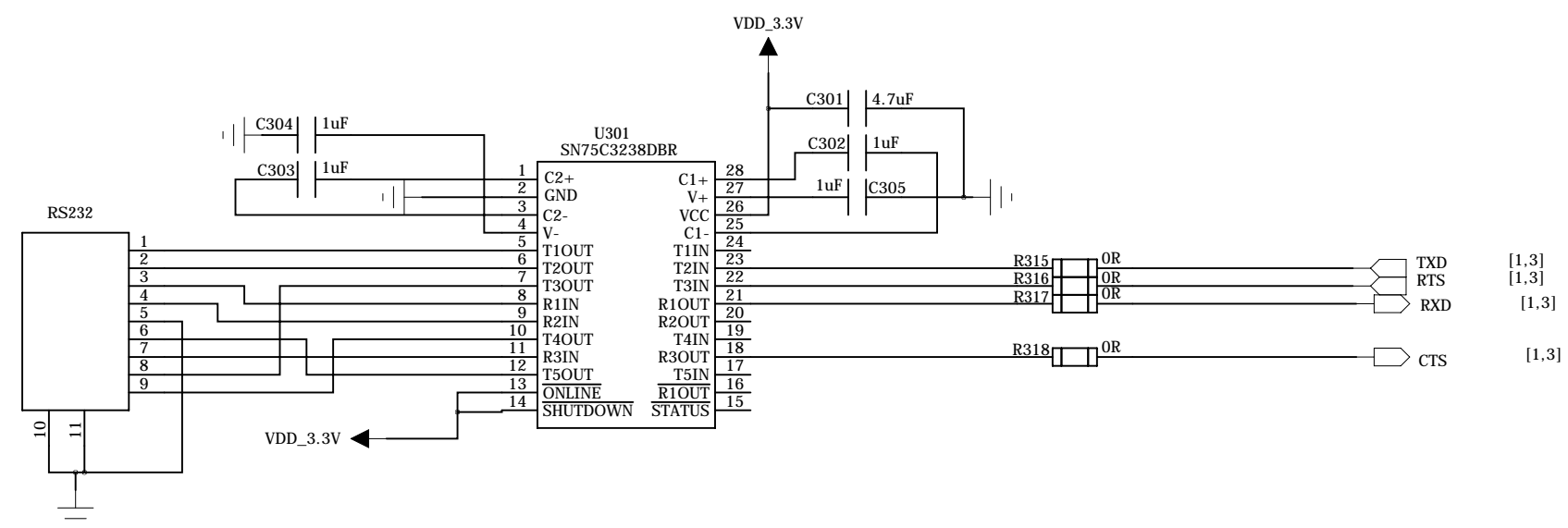
## 5V单片机

VCC\_MCU是单片机的IO电压，VDD\_EXT是模块输出的IO电压

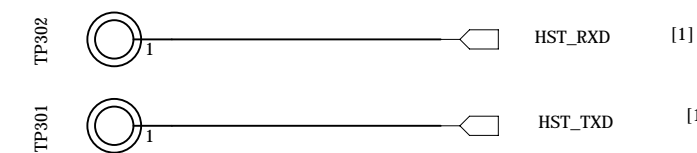


## TTL转RS232电路

如需转换为RS232电平可参考此电路



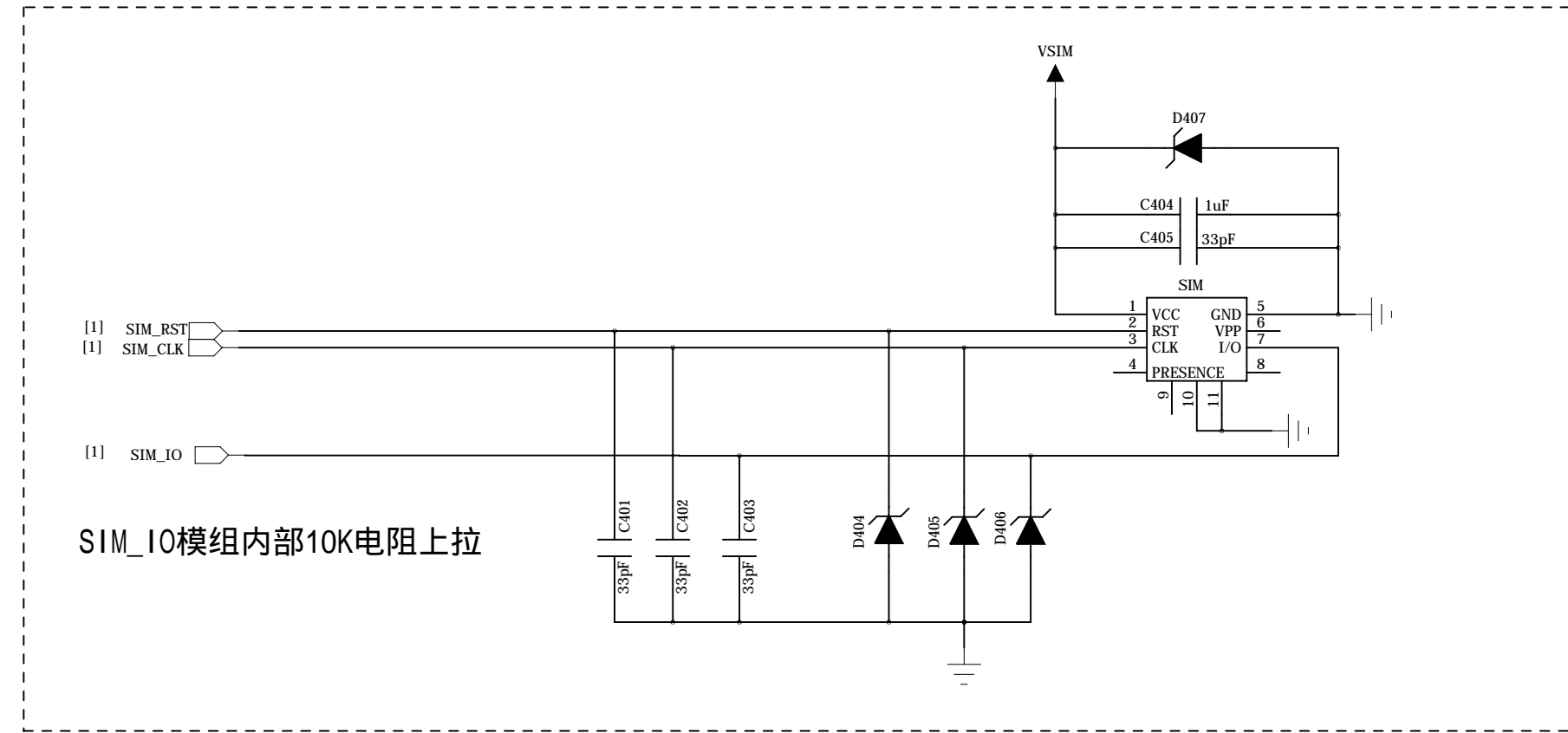
- 1、主串口提供4线串口，支持硬件流控功能
- 2、无需硬件流控可只使用RXD和TXD
- 3、模组串口为2.8V电平，注意电平匹配  
3.3V采用电阻分压，5V采用三极管推动
- 4、HST\_UART留测试点，用于debug和固件下载



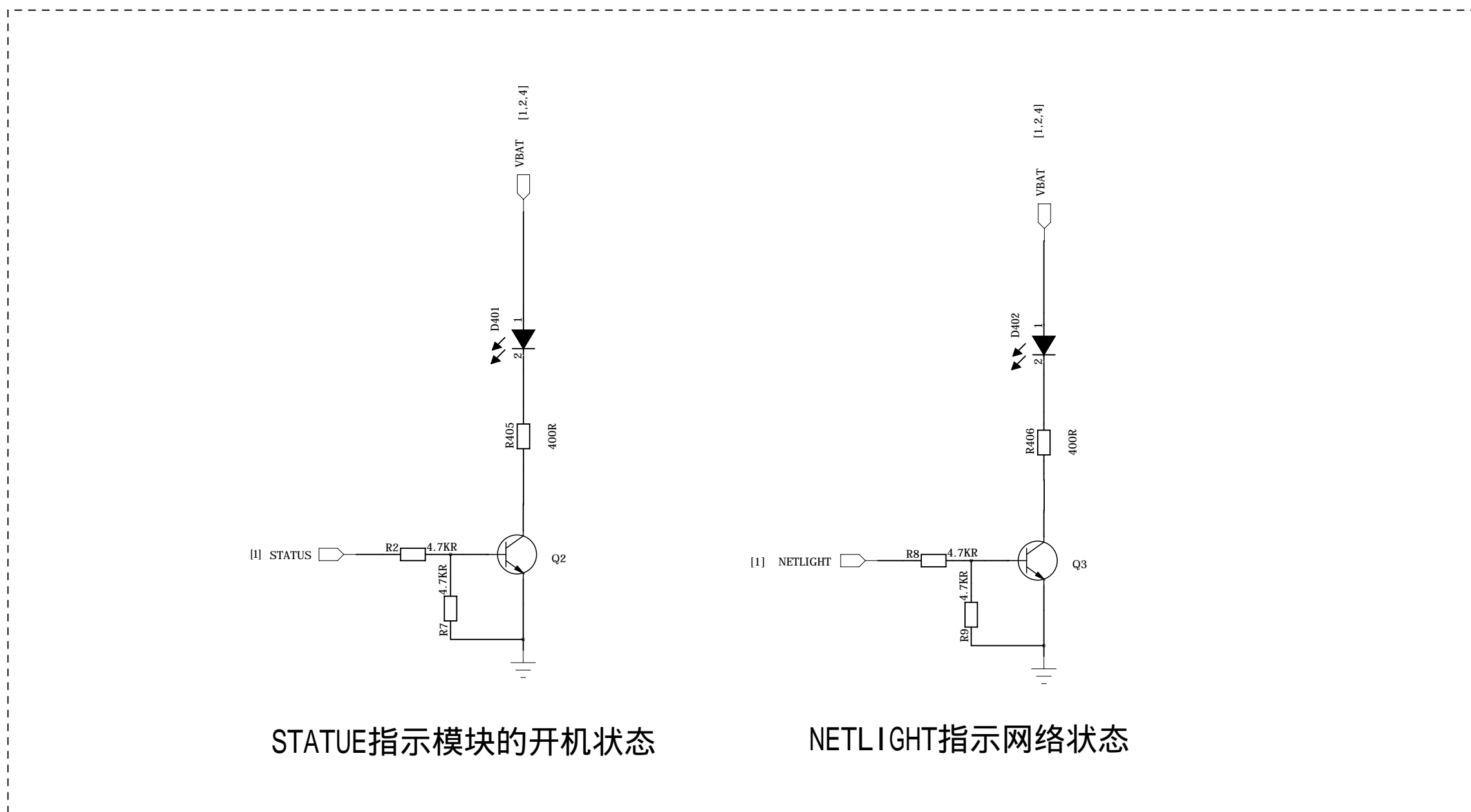
中移物联网

DRAWN: zhangle	DATED: 2018-04-03	TITLE: UART	PROJECT: M6312-R参考设计
CHECKED: <Checked By>	DATED: 2018-04-03	SIZE: A2	REV: V002
			SHEET: 3 of 4

# 外置SIM卡



# LED指示



STATUE指示模块的开机状态

NETLIGHT指示网络状态

## 中移物联网

DRAWN: zhangle	DATED: 2018-04-03	TITLE: SIM&LED	PROJECT M6312-R参考设计
CHECKED: <Checked By>	DATED: 2018-04-03	SIZE: A2	REV: V002
			SHEET: 4 of 4